12.—Statistics of the Leading Industries of each of the Maritime Provinces, 1934 —concluded.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Industry.	Estab- lish- ments.	Capital.	Em- ployees.	Salaries and Wages.	Cost of Materials.	Gross Value of Products.2
	No.	\$	No.	•	\$	
1 Primary iron and steel 2 Fish curing and packing 3 Central electric stations 4 Pulp and paper 5 Sawmills 6 Butter and cheese 7 Hosiery and knitted goods 8 Biscuits, confectionery, cocoa and chocolate 9 Printing and publishing 10 Bread and other bakery products 11 Castings and forgings 12 All other leading industries 1 Totals, Leading Industries 1 Totals, All Industries	6 184 777 5 599 30 30 3 3 8 32 74 14 5	18, 973, 518 2, 905, 941 30, 745, 929 12, 828, 108 1, 674, 337 1, 271, 551 2, 284, 838 2, 279, 197 706, 149 2, 474, 432 17, 764, 503 95, 997, 401 119, 964, 747	1,645 759 666 1,821 284 686 644 633 343 465 1,144	1,609,354 896,815 881,314 922,139 480,102 272,376 482,074 509,949 778,468 248,827 411,556 1,345,429	3,179,177 3,469,009 1,353,606 1,354,411 1,408,369 1,002,649 760,902 278,261 622,402 400,753 9,107,522 22,935,061 28,497,123	2,436,801 2,187,609 1,935,089 1,790,755 1,728,545 1,215,484 1,099,527
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NEV	V BRUNSW	ICK.			31 0000
Pulp and paper. 2 Sawmills. 3 Central electric stations. 4 Coffee, tea and spices	6 238 39 6 150 7 30 81 7 711 6	40,851,813 7,013,104 31,597,403 2,150,105 2,079,069 1,755,817 801,060 784,106 358,555 2,017,803 15,647,772	1,842 448 317 676 540 200 383 136 415	2,237,893 874,610 466,605 317,189 254,129 360,119 178,523 260,334 141,466 489,495 2,481,036	2,306,540 1,957,722 1,428,649 725,940 833,844 592,922 939,780 290,451	3,856,865 3,071,568 2,956,440 2,266,745 1,502,684 1,227,310 1,096,510 1,057,148 1,038,118
Totals, Leading Industries	581 847	105,056,607	9,687	8,061,399 11,367,625		

See headnote to this table on p. 441.
2 Net value is obtained by deducting cost of materials, fuel and electricity from the gross value. These calculations are not available for the individual provinces.

Subsection 2.—The Manufactures of Quebec, 1934.

The pulp and paper mills of Quebec, the most important manufacturing unit of the province, produced goods with a selling value at the factory of \$74,407,960 in 1934. This exceeded by nearly \$28,000,000 the total values produced by central electric stations (\$46,818,247), the industry which ranked second in importance. This was followed by cotton yarn and cloth (\$42,463,877), non-ferrous metal smelting and refining (\$36,230,880), tobacco, cigars and cigarettes (\$31,995,548), women's factory clothing (\$30,868,071), butter and cheese (\$25,137,541), slaughtering and meat packing (\$22,618,696), petroleum products (\$21,664,598), men's factory clothing (\$20,835,234), etc. A change took place in the ranking of some of the more important industries of the province. Butter and cheese advanced from eleventh to seventh place and slaughtering and meat packing from ninth to eighth place, while leather boots and shoes dropped from eighth to eleventh place and petroleum products from seventh to ninth place.

The importance of the pulp and paper industry in Quebec is shown by a comparison with the industry throughout Canada. The Quebec section of the industry,